Explicit throw an Exception

Explicit throw:

* A program can explicitly throw an exception using the throw statement besides the implicit exception thrown
* Syntax:

Throw <ThrowableInstance>;

* The Exception reference must by of type Throwable class or one of its subclasses
* A detail message can be passed to the constructor when the exception object is created.

One Question:

Why should we throw an exception object ?

* Because we want to set a different message
* Because java can’t recognize exceptional situation of business logic